IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (Currently Amended) An optical disc apparatus for recording and/or reproducing information, comprising:
 - --a supporting assembly;
- —a spindle motor, associated with the supporting assembly, having a spindle with a spindle axis for rotating an optical disc supported by the spindle about the spindle axis; and
- —an optical lens unit associated with the supporting assembly for scanning an information surface of said optical disc, and said optical lens unit comprising:
- -a focussing lens assembly with a movable focussing lens having a focussing lens area bounded by a focussing lens periphery and a focussing axis intersecting said focussing lens area, said focussing lens assembly being adapted for focussing an optical beam on said information surface; and
- swing arm structure supporting said focussing lens assembly at a free end, the swing arm assembly being rotatable about a swing axis spaced from said free end and directed substantially perpendicularly to the swing arm structure and generally parallel to said spindle axis, the swing arm assembly also comprising a movable magnetic focussing means provided near said free end of the

swing arm assembly for driving said focussing lens along said focussing axis so as to focus said optical beam on the optical disc information surface;

—a stationary magnetic focussing means associated with the supporting assembly for magnetically cooperating, through an intermediate air gap, with said movable focussing means in order to generate a magnetic force vector having a vector component parallel to said focussing axis so as to drive the focussing lens assembly along said focussing axis,

wherein the stationary magnetic focusing means and the movable magnetic focusing means being are disposed and cooperating cooperate such that said force vector component intersects said focusing lens area, and

wherein the optical lens assembly comprises, near said free end of the arm assembly, a perpendicularly-reflecting optical element connected to the focussing lens, said perpendicularly-reflecting optical element having a reflective surface facing a side of the focussing lens situated away from the information surface of the optical disc, when supported by the spindle, and causing reflection of a laser beam travelling in a general direction between the swing axis and the focussing axis so as to travel through the focussing lens generally along the focussing

45 axis, and

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wherein the movable magnetic focussing means is connected to the perpendicularly-reflecting optical element in a position on a side of said of said perpendicularly-reflecting optical element opposite from said reflecting surface.

- 2. (Currently Amended) An—The optical disc apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said force vector component generally coincides with the focussing axis of said focussing lens.
- (Cancelled).
- 4. (Currently Amended) An The optical disc apparatus as claimed in claim 31, wherein:
- —the swing arm assembly is bounded by spaced virtual parallel flat planes extending perpendicularly to the swing axis, a first plane being nearer to the optical disc, when supported by the spindle, and a second plane being more remote from said optical disc;
- —at least a portion of the reflecting element is inwardly spaced from said second plane, so that thereby forming an intermediate space is provided between the perpendicularly-reflecting optical element and said second plane; and
- —the stationary magnetic focussing means <u>extend_extends</u> into said intermediate space between the <u>perpendicularly-reflecting</u>

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- optical element and said second plane, thus occupying at least a portion of said intermediate space.
 - 5. (Currently Amended) An—The optical disc apparatus as claimed in claim 2, wherein the movable magnetic focussing means and the stationary magnetic focussing means cooperate through an—the intermediate air gap—which—is, said intermediate air gap being generally parallel to said reflecting surface of the perpendicularly-reflecting optical element.
 - 6. (Currently Amended) An—The optical disc apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the stationary magnetic focussing means are—is configured as arcuate permanent magnetic circuit means, and the movable magnetic focussing means are—is configured as electrical magnetic coil means.
 - 7. (Currently Amended) An—The optical disc apparatus as claimed in claim 6, wherein:
 - —the reflecting surface of the <u>perpendicularly-reflecting</u>

 <u>optical element in the</u> focussing lens assembly is disposed in an

 inclined plane relative to the swing axis of the swing arm

 assembly;

- -said movable electrical magnetic coil means are <u>is</u> disposed generally in an inclined plane parallel to the reflecting surface; and
- comprises an inclined face directed towards said movable electrical magnetic coil means, such that the said intermediate air gap between said movable electrical magnetic coil means and said stationary magnetic circuit means is disposed in an inclined plane generally parallel to said inclined reflective surface of the perpendicularly-reflecting optical element in the focussing lens assembly.
 - 8. (Currently Amended) An—The optical disc apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein the swing arm structure comprises two spaced elongate generally parallel flat resilient arm elements which extendextending between the swing axis and the focussing lens assembly, and are said arm elements being interconnected at or near the free end of the swing arm assembly by the focussing lens assembly.

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